

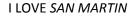
Free – time activities.

Complete the description with other sentence. Using some adverbs of frequency.



- a. I work too many hours. I am always stressed
- b. I have a very relaxed lifestyle.
- c. I don't like to sleep in.I always get up early.
- d. I hate to get up early.
- e. I often stay up until late.

My life



Match the words with the	pictures.	
working out playing Bingo mountain biking playin bird wa Keeping a web log (blog) a.	ng football backpa	a
b c d e	i i	g 2 8375566 10 27 39 59 75 10 27 39 59 75 e
f g h i.	d	b
	h	c

Adverbs of frequency.

How often do you do the actions? Use adverbs of

frequency in your sentences.

a. Surf internet

b. Send e-mails

- c. Go to the hairdresser
- d. Play computer games
- e. Exercise
- f. Have lunch at home

WRITING "A DAY IN THE LIFE OF Veronica Hidalgo" ARTICLE

A day in the life of Veronica Hidalgo

• Complete the text with the correct verbs in the simple past from the box. Look up new words in your dictionary.

ls work doesn't work interview get up love (2) have like go Start come visit (2) go shopping pick cook. go out get up take buy make up



She ______ all the food for the weekday. She often ______ dinner in the evenings, but not every day because she don't ______ cooking. Fortunately, my husband, Mario, ______ cooking. On Tuesdays and Thursdays she ______ my father. He ______ on the next block. Every afternoon she ______ the kids from school. In the evenings Mario and she usually_____, but sometimes we ______ friends. We never ______ on Friday evenings because she ______ work so early on Saturdays.

- Read the article and answer the questions.
- a. What does Veronica Hidalgo usually do?
- b. Does she go out on Friday evenings?
- c. Does she cook dinner?



Present simple and Past Simple

 Complete the text using the correct tense and form of the verbs on the Right.

My aunt Adalberta



tense		
	а.	Was Aunt Ludgarda born in Tarapoto?
Go		<u>No, she wasn't.</u>
	b.	Did she go to Tarapoto in 1985?
Die		<u>Yes, she did</u> .
Love	c.	Did Uncle Jack die in 1985?
Work		
Have	d.	Is Aunt Adalberta 90 years old?
Paint	1	
start	e.	Does she still work?
Like	f.	Does she have fifty cats?
Finish]	
	g.	Did she start painting in 1986?
Go	0.	
Have	h .	Did she start selling birthday cards in
		1987?
Visit		

Write short answers to the questions.

My aunt Adalberta was born in Moyabamba, but now she (1) lives in Tarapoto, San Martin. She (2) went to Peru in 1985 when her husband, my uncle Jack,(3)_____. She is 80 years old now. But She still (4)______. She is artist. She (5)_____ pictures of cats for birthday cards. She (6)_____ casts – she (7)_____twenty-five! She (8)_____ painting in 1986. At first she (9) _____just for a hobby, but them in 1989 she began making and selling birthday, cards. A lot of people (10)_____them and (11)_____them. She usually (12) _____work at 7.00 in the morning and (13)_____at 5.00 in the evening. Then she (14)_____swimming. Last year I(15)_____Australia and I (16)_____with her for two weeks. I (17)_____ a very good holiday.

Write questions for these answers.

- a) <u>Where was Aunt Adalberta born?</u>
 In Moyobamba.
- b) _____?

In Tarapoto, San Martin.

c)

_____?

She went there in 1985.

Victor Hugo Vily Chumbe / Jheidy Vanessa Bardalez Paima



- Complete the dialogues with do, don't, does and doesn't.
- A. : (a) you stay up late?
- B. : No, I (b) _____because I usually get up early.
- A. : What about your brother? (C)_____he stay up late?
- B. : Yes, he (d)_____. He's addicted to the internet. Sometime she (e)_____go to bed till 3:00 or 4:00 in the morning.
- A. : What (f)_____you do in your free time?
- B. : I listen to music. I play football on the weekend.
- A. : What sort of music (g)_____you like?
- B. : I like almost everything.

In the blanks at the right, write the past tense form of the verbs in parentheses.

- I (sleep) more than hours last night.
 <u>I slept more than hours nigh.</u>
- 2. He (Buy) that car last year.
- 3. Mr. Smith (lose) a hundred dollars at the races yesterday.
- 4. It was after ten o'clock when she (leave)
- 5. I didn't understand what he (mean)

- 6. The police (catch) the thief last night after a long search.
- 7. Helen (bring) her little brother to class yesterday.
- 8. The President's speech (deal) with the subject of taxes.
- 9. Miss Jones (teach) us English last semester.
- 10. The maid (sweep) each of the rooms carefully.
 - Make questions for the answers?
 - a. <u>What time do you usually qet up?</u> I usually get up at7:00 A.m.
 - b. _____?
 I never have breakfast. I'm always in a hurry.
 - c. ______No, I don't. I hate smoking.
 - d. ?
 I drink three cups (of coffee) a day.
 e. ?
 - I take the subway to get to work. It's the fastest way to move around the city.
 - Answer the questions in 4 so they are true for you.
 - a. ______ b. ______ c. ______ d.





Personal characteristics

- **Our set of the adjectives in parentheses to complete the sentences.**
 - a) He wants to get a very good job and make lot money. He's very <u>ambitious (biamsiout)</u>
 - b) Jaime is never late for school. He's a very _____(tuualcpn).
 - c) I don't know what's wrong with her. She's always in such a bad mood. She's a very_____(doomy) person.
 - d) She really enjoys meeting and talking to people. She's so _____(gogounti).
 - e) The new employee is marking great progress because he's very young and _____(neek).
 - f) Kevin is such a _____(rgtibh) boy! He got all as on his report card!
 - g) She is very careful with her book. She's very _____(ntcciusineoos).
 - h) He's very ______(wdohkgrinar). He works hard to get what he wants.

Complete the e-mail with the word.

Candida	ate res	ume	interview	presentable	references	applied	part-time	salary
Subject :	Job Ap	plicati	on					

Hi Cheryl,

How are things? Busy as usual, I guess. You know what? I've (a) <u>applied</u> for a job as a tourist guide. it's (b)______(Saturday and Sunday mornings) but I'd love to get it. The ad said that they wanted someone (c)______who has a good knowledge of the town center and who could speak some Spanish and French. I sent my (d)______and a recent photo . They didn't ask for any (e)______ so it was quite easy. What do you think? Am I a suitable (f)_____? The (g)______ is not big deal but will help to pay the bills. Anyway, I'm really excited and whenever my cell phone rings, I think they're calling me for an (h)_____.

Love, Monica Somplete the dietician's list of things that Laura has to/ doesn't have to be healthy.

a. Stop eating late at night.

She has to stop eating late at night.

- **b.** Avoid sweets and fatty foods.
- c. Exercise all day.
- **d.** Stop drinking orange juice.
- e. Eat balanced diet.
- f. Stop eating lunch.

Complete the exchanges with don't have to or mustn't.

- 1.- A: Doctor, I have a stomachache again.
 - B: From now, you _____drink any coffee.
- 2.-A: Nurse, I want to see the doctor right now!
 - B: Sir, you ______ shout in here.
- 3.-A: I'm going to stop eating chocolate.
 - B: You ______ do that. Just cut down a little!
- 4.-A: I don't want to leave you on your own.
 - B: you_____ worry about me. I'll be fine.
- 5.-A: I took the tablets Steve gave me.
 - B: you______ take antibiotics without a prescription!
- 6.-A: I don't have a dress for the party. I'll buy one.
 - B: you ______ do that. I'll lend you one of mine.

Must, mustn't.

Complete the rules with, must, mustn't.

- a. Don't leave your luggage unattended, you <u>must</u> keep an eye on your luggage at all times.
- b. No ball games on the grass. You_____ play football on the grass.
- c. Downloading of audio and video files is strictly prohibited. You ______ download songs videos.
- d. Free parking for our customers. You ______ pay to park your car if you shop here.
- e. White shoes on all courts. You ______ wear tennis shoes when using the courts.

Look at the signs and write sentences with must or mustn't.



Complete the sentences using must, mustn't and don't have to and the verbs.

		Ве	buy sm	noke	take	wear	hurry	
a.	You			_ an umbre	lla. Its isn'i	t raining.		
b.	You			_ a helmet	if you wan	t me to	give you a	ride on my
	motorbike.							
c.	We			There´s	plenty of t	ime.		
d.	This is a very	expensive p	iece of equipm	ent. You				very careful when
	you use it.							
e.	You			any bread	d. I bought	some th	is morning	
f.	You			_here. Hav	en´t you se	een the s	ign?	

Match the personal characteristics with the definitions.

a.	Ambitious	1.	Not polite.
b.	Cheerful	2.	Sometimes happy sometimes sad.
c.	Presentable	3.	Extroverted
d.	Conscientious	4.	Neat and well dressed
e.	Moody	5.	Happy and optimistic.
f.	Outgoing	6.	Someone with desire to be successful
g.	Rude	7.	A person who arrive on time
h.	Punctual.	8.	Someone who works carefully and thoroughly
i.	Keen	9.	Clever, intelligent.
j.	Bright	10	Interested in something or willing to do it.

TEST

🌃 Complete the list of regulations for talking a college exam then write there more rules door the exam wi have to don't have to

- **a.** You______ bring cell phones into the exam room.
- b. you ______ arrive at last five minutes before the exam room.
- C. You_____ leave you bags outside the room.
- d. You ______ stay the enter time, you can leave when you finish
- e. You ______ talk during the exam.

f. You_____ bring any stationery. The college will provide pens and paper.

Complete the sentences using don't have to + one of these verbs:

		Ask	come	explain	leave	tell	walk
1.	We've got plenty of time	. We		yet.			4.
2.	I can manage the shoppin	ig alone. Yo	ou	with m	e.		
3.	We	all the way	home. We	can get a taxi.			
							5.

6.





- Fill the gaps with was, were or did.
- A. : I went to Pedro's new Bijao Restaurant yesterday.
- B. : What ______ you eat?
- A. : Tacacho with cecina of course. It ______
 delicious. It had a lot of banana.
- B. _____Pedro there?
- A. Yes, he ______ in the kitchen making the tacacho with cecina.
- B. _____he work hard? _____there a lot of people?
- A. Yes, the restaurant ______ very busy.
- B. _____Pedro see you?
- A. Yes, I did. And because he's my friends I paid less for the tacacho with cecina.





wordsearch.

Orange- Grape- Banana- Pineapple- Cherry -Papaya -Passion fruit- Coconut Mango -Avocado – Guava- Star fruit -Persimmon -Satsuma.

						r		r	
0	S	Т	Α	R	F	R	U	-	Т
Ε	R	Н	0	G	R	Α	Р	Ε	L
Т	Ν	Α	В	Α	Ν	Α	Ν	Α	Ρ
I	S	R	Ν	S	Ν	Х	0	Ε	Ν
U	F	G	Т	G	U	D	R	0	С
R	М	Н	Ε	Ν	Ε	S	D	Н	Ε
F	Α	W	R	Х	I	Α	Ε	Α	L
Ν	Ν	Α	Т	М	С	R	Т	Μ	Ρ
0	G	Y	М	0	R	U	L	U	Ρ
I	0	0	V	Y	Ν	L	L	S	Α
S	Ν	Α	М	0	S	Т	Α	Т	Ε
S	S	0	С	Α	С	0	V	Α	Ν
Α	R	0	Α	V	Α	U	G	S	Ι
Р	С	С	К	Α	Y	Α	Р	Α	Р



Countable and uncountable nouns-quantifiers

Put the noun in the correct column.

 Meat 	 Grapes 	 Pasta
• Milk	• Tea	• Salt
● Soup	• Flour	• Egg
 Onions 	• Banana	 Bread
 Honey 	 Biscuit 	 Cheese
 Butter 	 Pancake 	 Potato

le Uncountable

A, An or Some?

Put **a**, or **an** before the count nouns, and **some** before the uncountable nouns.

- a. <u>a</u> chair
- **b.** <u>some</u> sugar
- **c.** _____ stamp
- **d.** _____ book
- e. ____ gas f. ____ tree
- **g.** _____ air
- **h.** _____ money
- i. _____ music
- j. _____ soles
- **k.** _____ job
- I. _____ work
- m. _____ apple
- **n.** _____ fruit
- o. _____ tomato
- p. _____ tomato soup
- **q.** _____ problem
- r. Information

🛟 A or an?

Sometimes a noun can be both a count and uncountable noun. Look at the pictures and complete the sentences with a +noun or just the noun.



1.- I don't like



3.-I like to drink



2.- Would you like

?

4.- Let's have



5.- I need



6.- Can you buy

Underline the correct item.

- a. I'm very tired. I didn't get some/any sleep last night.
- **b.** There are a *few/little* shops in my neighborhood.
- I need to go to the supermarket and buy any/some sugar.
- **d.** Are there *any/some* tomatoes left in the fridge?
- e. We've got a *few/little* lemons, so we can make a lemon pie.
- f. There's a *few/little* bread. We don't have to go to the baker's.
- g. Can I have some/any cherries, please?

Fill in the exchanges with some, any, a few or a little.

- A. : Can I have 1) _____butter on my bread?
- **B.** There's only 2) left. We need to get more.
- **A.** There aren't 3) bananas in the fruit bowl.
- B. Look in the cupboard. I think there are4)_____there.
- A. Do we need 5) _____ cheese?
- **B.** I'm not sure. Is there 6) in the fridge?
- A. Are there 7) _____biscuits in the jar?
 Only 8) _____l'll get 9) ____ more when shopping.

Fill in: some, any, much, many, (a) little, (a) few, a lot of, no, then complete the table. Make sentences for each use

- 1. How_____ pasta do you need?
- There's _____ yoghurt left! We must buy some.
- 3. We need _____ onions in order to make this dish.
- 4. How_____ bananas do we need?
- 5. Is there_____ cheese left?

- 6. We have very _____ tomatoes left, and I'm afraid.
- There are only _____ cherries left.
 We must buy _____.
- Don't put too_____ salt in the water.
- 9. Would you like _____ tea?



Expressions of quantity

Some or any?

- Complete the sentences with *some* or *an*.
- a. I don't have _____ paper.
- b. I'll buy _____ paper when I go to the store.
- c. Is there_____ any gas in the car?
- d. Yes. I put _____ in yesterday.
- e. I bought _____ fruit, but They didn't have _____ vegetables.
- f. Do you have ____ change? I need 75\$.
- g. I saw_____ change on the table a minute ago.
- h. I need _____ help with my homework. Are you free?

How much...? Or how many..? Write questions with how much...? Or ... how many....?

a. We have some eggs.

How many eggs do we have?

- b. We need some flour.
- c. She has a lot of children.
- d. Can you buy some butter?
- e. Their house has a lot of bedrooms.

?

f. Some people are coming for dinner on Sunday.

Much, many, or a lot of?

Look at the picture. Complete the sentences with much, many, or a lot of.



- **1.** There are <u>*a* lot of</u> apples.
- The store doesn't have _____laundry detergent.
- **3.** There`s _____oil.
- 4. The store has _____ bottles of water,
- 5. There isn't _____frozen food.
- **6.** There isn't _____ candy.
- 7. The store has _____ cheese.
- 8. I can see _____ newspapers.
- **9.** But I can't see _____ bread.
- **10.** There isn't _____ yogurt.
- **11.** The store doesn't have ______ birthday card.
- **12.** But there are _____ grapes!
- 13. Why aren't there _____ magazines?
- **14.** But there is _____rice!



Environmental problems

Complete the sentences with the words.

Floods----recycling--- warms----- greenhouse--rise Public transport----carbon dioxide ----- ice caps

Car fumes and industries throw (a) <u>carbon dioxide</u>. Into the air. These (b) gases prevent Heat from escaping into space. The planet (c) Up. Temperatures will (d) by 3° C by the end of the century. Rising temperature will melt the polar (e) (F) will affect cities like Tarapoto and world. We can help by using (g) more often and (h) more.



Match the words with the definitions.	1 A heavy fall of earth and rocks down the side of a mountain.
a. Acid rain is b. A drought is	2 A long period without rain.
 c. A flood is d. A forest fire is e. A landslide is 	3 Caused when air pollution and rain mix.
f. Air pollution is g. Ozone depletion is	4 When a lot of trees in a Wood burn down.
	6 When there are high quantities of CO ₂ and other harmful chemicals in the air.
	7 When there covers the land destroying everything.

Will vs. Going to

Circle the correct option.

- a. My sister is pregnant.
 She.....have a baby in July.
- b. I don't think the U.S..... sign the Kyoto protocol.
- c. If you drink all the soda, you have an stomach ache.
- d. Watch out! That rock..... fall.

Complete the sentences with will or won't. Match the sentences with the scientists.



Ana pessimist Ben optimist

- a. We ______ never discover a cure for AISD.
- b. We_____ be using fossil fuels by the end of the century. The air _____ be cleaner and we will breathe more easily.
- c. The Amazon forest ______ be destroyed completely by the end of the century. As a result the planet will get hotter and brother.
- d. We _____ stop using sprays so the hole in the Ozone layer will get bigger and bigger.
- e. Cars won't disappear from cities so there ______ always be pollution.
- Make some predictions about the future.
 Write about the topics. Use will
- 1. I_____probably_____(work).
- 2. I_____definitely _____ (travel)
- 3. My country _____ trees (plant).

ECO-PROTEST

Complete the sentences With the words.

Nature area - leaflets - demonstration Habitats - city council - brand clothes

- They organized a <u>demonstration</u> against the new nuclear power station.
- Activists were handing out ______
 explaining the reasons for the protest.
- c. They are going to build a new_____ in town.
- d. The construction of roads destroys many animal _____.
- e. Young people like to wear_____
 - ·-----•
- f. The _____has set

up bottle banks for recycling throughout the city.

PHRASAL VERBS

- CIRCLE THE WORDS THAT BELONG WITH THE VERBS.
- **a.** Go on a demonstration/ time/a trip.
- b. Look after the environment/ children/ a telephone number.
- wipe out The cigarette/all the wildlife / a village.
- **d.** Run out of time/ the business / gas.

- e. Throw away an old shirt/ your house/ empty bottles.
- f. Clean up your face/ the mess/ the kitchen.
- g. Shut down the factory/ a business/ the TV.
- h. Get together some time/ tomorrow/ alone.
 - Complete the sentences with phrasal verbs from2.
 - a. We have <u>run out of</u> milk.

Can you get some this afternoon?

- b. Linda is furious because she had to
 ______ by herself after the party.
- c. Who's going to ______
 your plants while you are on vacation.
- d. Do you _____ glass or do you recycle it?
- e. Let's ______ this afternoon and finish the science project.
- f. The constructions of the road will many species.

Complete the sentences using will ('ll).

 A: Oh, I've just realized. I haven't got any money.
 B: haven't you? Well, don't worry

_____ you some. (I /Lend)

- A: I don't know how to use this camera.
 B: It's quite easy _____you (I/show).
- A: what would you like to eat?
 B: ______a a sand wish, please. (I/have)
- 4. A: did you post that letter for me?
 B: oh, I'm sorry. Completely forgot______ it now.(I/do)

Complete the sentences using going to.

A: why are you turning on the television?
 B:_______ the news.
 (I/watch).

2. A: l've got a headache.

- B: Have you? Wait there and
- A: Why are you feeling that bucket water?
 B: _______the car_____the car____the car_____the car_____the car____the car___the car__the car___the car___the car___the car___the car___the car__the car___the car___the car___the car___the car___the car__the car___the car___the car___the car__the car___the car__the car___the car__the car_

(I/Wash)

4. A: oh, have you? What color

B:______it?

- (you/ paint)
- 5. A: Where are you going? Are you going shopping?
 - B: yes, _____

Something for dinner.(I/Buy)

- Match the clauses and make conditional sentence. Then work in groups and complete the conditional clauses with your own ideas.
- a. If we recycle more.

TES1

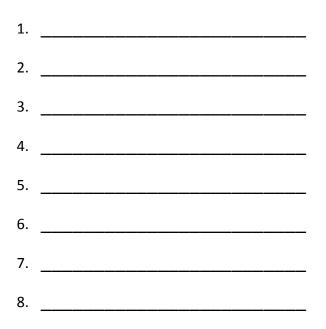
- b. If droughts become more common,
- c. Unless we reduce energy

consumption,

- d. Unless countries
- work together, e. If we can reduce
- pollution,

- The world won't beat global warning.
- 2. We will run out of oil very soon.
- 3. There will be less waste.
- Climate change will slow down.
- There'll be more forest fires, too.

Write sentences using going to / will







Complete the words. The first letter is provided.	d. Street
 a. Tarapoto is famous for its P 	e. Town
b. In Tarapoto city we celebrate the P	fway
C. In the Patrona of Tarapoto we Eat V	g. Traffic
 d. Moyobamba is famous for its O 	h. Down
e. On June 24 th we celebrate	iline
S f. Lamas is famous because they celebrate h	j Board.
g. S is a great place to visit the blue Lagoon.	Should /shouldn´t
h. Juanjui is the most popular city because of its production of C	Complete the leaflet for tourists with should and shouldn't.
COMPOUND NOUNS	$\sqrt{1}$ Tips for tourists
Complete the compound nouns with the words.	To combat pickpockets, men (a)
Cross hall light traffic/stop Wall bill free jam sky town	always carry their front pockets. Women (b) always wear their purses across their shoulder.
a. <u>Traffic /stop</u> light.	You (c)be afraid to ask for directions if you get lost.
b. Side	You (d) always cross streets at traffic lights. When night falls, you (e)stay

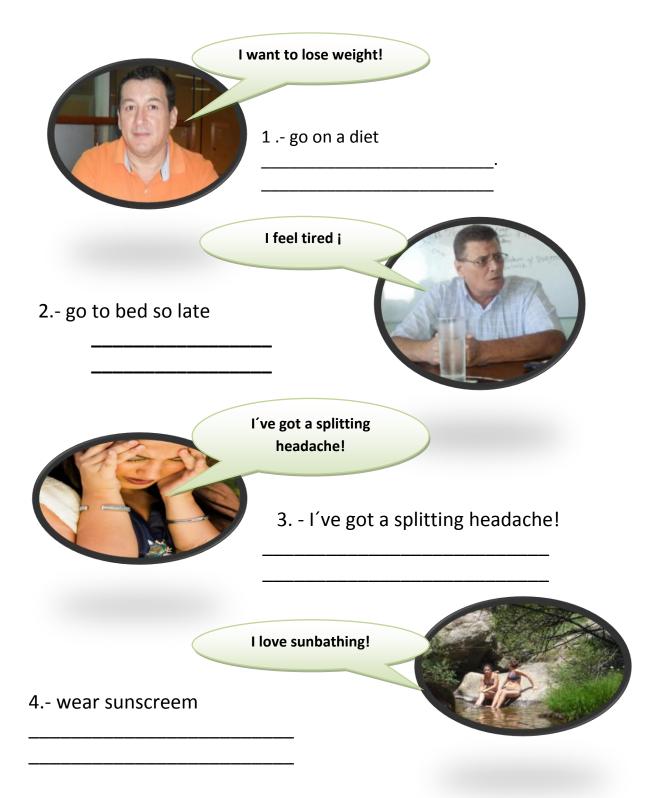
C. _____ walk

You (f)_____ keep expensive jewelry covered when walking around.

away from quiet side streets.

Should / shouldn't

Read the speech bubbles and gives advice using the prompts and should/shouldn't.



Use the wards in brackets to rewrite the sentences.

- Eating lots of sweets isn't a good idea (shouldn't)
- 2. Talking photos isn't allowed in the museum. (mustn't)
- 3. I advise you to see a doctor if the pain continues.(should)
- 4. It's necessary to wear a helmet when you ride a motorbike. (must)

Give advice to these people. Use I thinkshould.



1. There's a hole in my shoe. I only bought them last week!



2. My children spend all their allowance on candy.

- Listen and complete the advice. Use the words from the box.
 - Shouldn't should must don't think you should

Problems

I'm working 16 hours a day.

I can't sleep.

My ex-boyfriend's getting married

I've had a terrible toothache for weeks

Suggestions

Don't drink coffee at night.

Go to the dentist. Don't wait!

Don't go to the wedding.

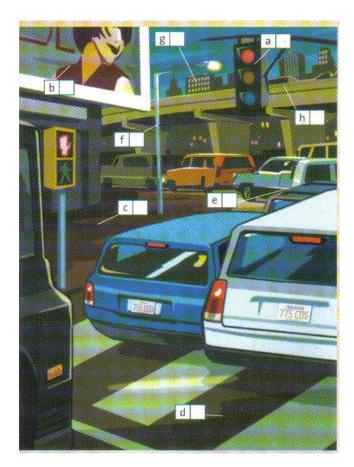
Talk to your boss.



- a. I think you_____ talk to your boss.
- b. You ______drink coffee at night.
- c. I _____ go to wedding.
- d. You_____ go to the dentist! Don't wait!

Combine the words from the box to make compound nouns. Then label the items in the picture.

TEST



a. ______ b. _____ c. _____ d. _____ e. _____ f. _____ g. ____

- Complete the sentences with should and shouldn't.
- 1. You (tell) your boss about the problem.
- 2. She (wait) for her mother.
- 3. I (wait) until next week.
- 4. The watchman (lock) the front door.
- 5. He (speak) slangs.
- 6. She (drink) too much alcohol.
- 7. The security guard (sleep) o his job.
- 8. She (smoke).
- Complete the sentences with must and mustn't.
- 1. You (inform) the police
- 2. You (obey) the warnings of the signs.
- 3. I (finish) this work by tomorrow.
- 4. The boy (read) the news.
- 5. He (steps) on the grass.
- 6. They (listen) to the music in the library.
- 7. The children (read) hot magazines.



DESCRIBING MOYOBAMBA.

Read the description of the town.

Moyobamba was founded on July 25th, 1540 It is approximately 55 minutes from Lima by plane.

The city of Moyobamba has many attractions and different place: the main square has beautiful trees and orchid monuments. You can visit to churches and convents.

Morro de Calzada is 8km from the city of Moyobamba; you can see a natural scenic lookout.

You can visit Moyobamba on June and see tourism week or in November orchid festival, you can see different types of orchids, which is a very important part of Moyobamba. Another attraction is the food, you can eat "Avispa Juane" and "Juane". If you visit to Moyobamba you'll enjoy it!

Read the passage and find.

- 1. When was Moyobamba founded?
- 2. What is the distance from Moyobamba city to Morro de Calzada?
- 3. When do they celebrate the Orchid festival?
- 4. Where can you see the different types of Orchid?
- 5. What kind of food from Moyobamba do you like?
- 6. Why is Moyobamba popular?













DESCRIBING TO TARAPOTO.

Read the description of a town.

Tarapoto was founded on August 20 th, 1782 It is approximately 50 minutes from Lima by plane, and is called

The city of Tarapoto has many attractions and different place: the main square has wonderful trees and orchid monuments. You can visit to "Ahuashiyacu falls and Venecia lagoon.

Ahuashiyacu falls is 14km from the city of Tarapoto, you can see to Impressive waterfall of 35 meters. You can visit Tarapoto on July and see "The Patrona Santisima Cruz de los Motilones". Another attraction is the food; you can eat "Tacacho with cecina" and "Juane". If you visit to Tarapoto you'll enjoy it!

Read the passage and find.

- 1. When was Tarapoto founded?
- 2. What is the distance from Tarapoto city to

Ahuashiyacu waterfalls?

3. When do they celebrate The Patrona "Santisima

Cruz de los Motilones"?

- 4. What kind of food do you like?
- 5. Why is Tarapoto popular?

DESCRIBING LAMAS.

Pread the description of a town.

Lamas was founded on October 10th, 1656 Lamas is considered the folkloric capital of the Peruvian Amazon and the city of the three natural floors, where the intertwined nature, folklore and culture. The city of Lamas has many attractions and different place: the main square has monuments, Chapawanki falls and Mirador. You can visit is 8km from the city of Lamas; you can see a natural scenic lookout.

You can visit Lamas on July and see the party "Santisima Cruz de los Motilones "and Holidays, you can see dancing the Lamistas, and with is wonderful part of Lamas. Another attraction is the food; you can eat "" and "Chonta". If you visit to Lamas you'll enjoy it!

Read the passage and find.

- 1. When was Lamas founded?
- 2. When do they celebrate the Santisima Cruz de los

Motilones?

3. Where can you see the festival of the Santisima Cruz de

los Motilones?

- 4. What kind of food from Lamas do you like?
- 5. Why is Lamas popular?



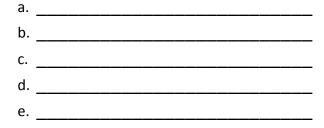




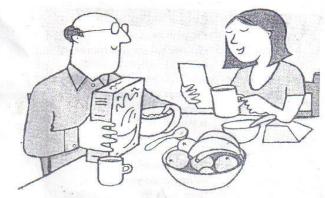
Put the word in the correct order to make questions.

- a. Buy/you/the//did/at/ /what/store? What did you buy at the store?
- b. Is/ who/teacher/your/ English/?
- c. Parents/now/where/your's/right/are/?
- d. Learning/ you/ why/ English/are/?
- e. You/ how//to/ come/ school/do/?
- f. Brothers and sister/ you/ many/ have/ how/do/?
 - Match a question word in A with a word in B and a line in C. then answer the questions about you.

А	В	С
	Color	Is your hair?
How	Kind	Of music do
what	Size	you like?
	Tall	Shoes do you
	often	take?
		Do you go
		swimming?
		Are you?



Complete the conversation with question words.



Kate: hi Dad.

Dad: Good morning Kate.(1)_____ are you today?

- Kate: fine, thanks. A little tired.
- Dad: I didn't hear you come home last night.
- (2)_____ Time did you get in?
- Kate: about 11:00
- Dad: (3) _____ did you go?
- Kate: just to Beth's house.
- Dad: there's a letter for you on the table.
- Kate: oh! (4)______ is it from?
- Dad: I don't know. Open it and see.
- Kate: oh!
- Dad: (5)______ 's the matter'

Kate: nothing. It's from Luis. He is in Moyobamba

Dad: that's interesting

Kate: he says he's coming to Tarapoto.

Dad: (6)_____?

Kate because he's going to study English



Vacations

Read the description of a town

I had a vacation in Juanjui last week, and stay in "Brisas" hotel in Amberes port. Then I visited different places such as Breo falls, Cascada falls, Cuchihuillo petroglyph , Abiseo river and the Main Square, those are very beautiful places in Juanjui which has different monuments , the weather is cold and the food is very delicious.

There is a different kind of food and drink such as "Timbuche", Patarashca and "Pango fish". Visit Juanjui town, It is a magic place!

- 1. What town did she visit?
- 2. What places did she visit there?
- 6. What kind of food did she try?
- 7. Where did she stay?









Change the following statements into question.

1. They spoke to john.

2. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson visited their friend in Chicago.

?

?

?

?

- 3. The teacher told the students the answer to the question.
- 4. Mr. Harris explained the meaning of the word.

- 5. The students studied the lesson carefully
- 6. The Wilsons sold the house at a low price _____?.

______?.

 My sister watched good TV programs last night.

Ş

- 8. He worked very hard.
- 9. He drove very carefully

10. The secretary copied the names from the list.

?

?

Past simple forms
🛟 Write the past y these verbs

a. Work	_
b. Save	_
c. Stop	_
d. Come	
e. Arrive	_
f. Plan	
g. Make	
h. Help	
i. Use	
j. Travel	
k. Fell	
l. Wash	
m. Like	
n. Rob	_
o. Send	
p. Walk	

Correct the sentences.

- Wilson León Bazán Wrote lyric.
 <u>Wilson León Bazan didn't write lyric</u> <u>He wrote stories.</u>
- 2. Spanish Discovered Moyobamba in 2004
- 3. Gian Marco came from Tarapoto.
- 4. Shakira lived in Moyobamba.
- 5. Bill gates visited "Ahuashiyacu falls".
- 6. Robert Deniro ate Juane and tacaho with cecina.
- 7. Buddha came from Juanjui.
- 8. Juan Pablo II grew up in Tarapoto.

Write the questions.

- I went to Lamas in 1999.
 When did you go to Lamas?
- 2. I went to ______ on my vacation.
 - where_____?
- 3. We stayed in _____ Where _____?
- We stayed there for ____weeks.
 How ?
- 5. We had _____weather. Did ?
- 6. we traveled around by ______ How ______?
- 7. We had _____ food. _____ Did ?

Put and answer the questions. Use short answers.

1. Did we get lost?

Yes,_____

- Did he have a lot of equipment?
 No,
- 3. Did he go with friends?

No,_____

4. Did he hurt his hand?

Yes,

Did you play any sports yesterday?
 Yes, ______

t	Complete	these	sentences with th	e verb in the ı	negative.		
1.	l saw Barba	ara bu	t I <u>Didn´t see</u> Jane.				
2.	They work	ed on	Monday but they _		on Tuesday	/.	
3.	We went t	o the J	oost office but we		to the bank	ζ.	
4.	She had a j	pen bu	ıt she		any paper.		
5.	Jack did fre	ench a	t school but He		German.		
	Write que	stions	with did?				
1.	I watched	TV last	night. And you?	<u>Did you watc</u>	h TV last night?		
2.	I enjoyed t	he par	ty. And you?				?
3.	I had a goo	od holi	day. And you?				_?
4.	I finished v	vork e	arly. And you?				?
5.	I slept well	last n	ight. And you?				_?
	Write B´s c	juestio	ons. Use:				
Arrive	cost	go	go to bed late	happen	have a nice time	stay	win
	vent to New		ast month.		I was late this morning.		
	re <u>did you st</u> some friend				: what time : half past nine		_?
	3.		I was late this mor	_	, ,		
		В:	what time	ĩ	,		

A: half past nine

1.





Read the text and answers the questions. In Our region there are a lot of species animals, there are a lot of horses ,there are a lot of cows, there are a lot of too many rooster, and There a lot of bird and hen, there are some pig, there aren't any peccary; there are some small lizard, there are a lot of frog and agouti, but there aren't any peacock, there are many cock of the rock so there are sloth, there are a few suri, there area few macaw and there a few hawk, there are several ocelot, there several owl, there many deer. All this animals are very beautiful and exotics and we must protect our environment.

- 1. Are there a lot of animals in the text?
- 2. What kind of animals are there in the text?
- 3. Are there several ocelots?

- 4. Are there five elephants?
- 5. Are there a lot of suris?



Animals Find 20 animals in this puzzle.

К	м	0	R	S	Α	Р	Т	0	В	Х	Z	Y	S
С	Q	w	R	Т	Y	U	E	К	L	0	G	I	Р
0	J	S	F	R	w	S	S	С	U	I	F	S	I
С	R	Y	К	S	Z	L	w	G	С	Р	Т	D	D
Α	В	I	R	D	0	0	I	С	Α	Α	Т	E	E
E	Р	R	0	G	Р	Т	Т	E	L	Α	R	R	R
Р	N	Т	0	Α	L	н	U	L	0	С	J	Y	М
D	S	R	S	S	N	Х	0	0	N	w	Р	E	0
Н	F	G	Т	S	U	D	G	Т	S	0	L	S	N
0	W	н	E	N	Μ	R	Р	F	0	w	I	0	К
R	Α	w	R	Х	D	К	I	D	S	Т	I	м	E
S	Α	Α	Т	Y	н	Α	w	К	Т	S	U	Α	Y
E	U	Y	S	Т	S	С	L	Р	х	0	Y	С	I
К	D	R	Z	I	L	L	L	Α	Μ	S	N	Α	Y
L	E	К	R	R	R	Α	S	E	т	D	М	w	E
E	E	Ñ	U	D	Y	S	Q	0	G	Y	С	Р	Т
Α	R	L	R	Q	Α	С	V	Y	F	L	Х	Ñ	S
С	0	С	К	0	F	т	н	E	R	0	С	К	E
·													



Write sentences. Use *is* or *are* according to the nouns.













a. There_____ cock of the rock

b. There _____ horse.

- c. There ______spider _____spider ____spider _____spider ____spider _____spider ____spider
- d. There_____ rooster.
- e. There______peacock.
- f. There_____cow.



Describe the picture using there is /are and
Circle the correct option countable noun.



- 1. There **is/are** many animals in the zoo.
- 2. There is/ are a snake in the window.
- 3. There **is/are** a cow in the zoo, too.
- 4. There is/are many horses near their parents
- 5. There **is/are** a bird next to the tree
- 6. There **is/are** many monkeys in the zoo.
- 7. There is /are an spider monkey in the zoo
 - Write the sentences using there is / there are and one
 - a. Students/ in the class
 - b. Week/in a years
 - c. Day/ in the years
 - d. Students/ in the school
 - e. Day/ in the week
 - f. Planets/ in the solar systems

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